# USEPA START REGION 6 - HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN EMERGENCY RESPONSE

BACKGROUN	ID AND CONTRACT	INFORMATION
Prepared by: 5. Check	W.O. No.: 20406.012	Date of Response: 4/7/2013
Project Identification: Contract No.	Tier of Response:	
Site Name: Site Address: 780 Hayes  EPA OSC: Mark Hayes Phone Number: 214-759- Site Contact: N/A Phone Number: N/A		Information: (describe briefly)
Scope of Work: (describe briefly, attach site map inclu  TBD - A: Monstoring  Directions to Site: Sec 1990	ding work zones)	
Directions to Site: See Map		
Location: [2]Industrial [2]Commercial [2]Orba	an/Residential  R	ural Government Facility
Nearest waterway. Name: NA  Distance of site to nearest residence: 90 feet  Distance to nearest school: 60 feet  Distance to nearest public building: 1500 feet		feet
	Response Team	
TRAINING REQUIREMENTS: Emergency Response Tea CFR 1910 and 29 CFR 1926, including specialty training s		ent training certification in HAZWOPER in compliance with 29 ry, as appropriate.
MEDICAL REQUIREMENTS: Emergency Response Tea Hazardous Chemicals, and to wear a respirator, if appropri		
FIT TEST REQUIREMENTS: Emergency Response Tear have had as a minimum, a qualitative fit test, administered		ea requiring the use or potential use of any respirator must 29 CFR 1910.134 or ANSI within the last 12 months.
Signatures below indicate that team members have read a Reviewed by:	and agree to follow the provis	
START Site Team Leader: Ben Cutham S	king (beck	3 And
Signature:	Date	4/18/13
Medical Current Training Current  Fit Test Current (Qual.)  Fit Test Current (	10	CClaim 12: Education 1.
Fit Test Current (Qual.)  Fit Test Current (  SHSC training completed  EC/RCRA training		HIZILIZ
Site Safety Officer/Site Environmental Com	19-11-0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	Som Check
Signature:	Date:	4/18/201-3
Medical Current Training Current		, , , ,
Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Quant.)	
SHSC training completed LEC/RCRA training	3 completed	

Team Member: Dound Molarly Bon Lathan, David Crow, Alex Byrum
Signature: Date:
Medical Current Training Current
Fit Test Current (Qual.) Fit Test Current (Quant.)
Team Member: Derrich Cobb, Ton Walter Mark Balhoff Lee Ellnich
Signature: Date:
Medical Current Praining Current
Fit Test Current (Qual.)  Fit Test Current (Quant.)
SITE SPECIFIC HAZARD EVALUATION
A copy of the Field Operations Manual must be available to all team members. See ER vehicle for a copy of the manual.  BIOLOGICAL HAZARDS  RADIATION HAZARDS  CHEMICAL HAZARDS  PHYSICAL HAZARDS
Biological Hazards:  Pairmals   Pairmals   Pairmals   FLD 43 — WESTON Biohazard Field Operating Procedures
Spakes Plaserts Pay Sewage FLD 44 — WESTON BBP Exposure Control Plan - First Aid Procedures
BBP Etiologic Agents FLD 45 — WESTON BBP Exposure Control Plan – Working with Infectious Waste
Radiation Hazards:
☐ Ionizing Radiation ☐ Non-Ionizing Radiation (includes ultraviolet, infrared, radio-frequency, microwave, and laser)
NORM
Chemical Hazards:
Explosive Corrosive Reactive Water Reactive Other -
Considerations
Special Considerations Helicopter/Airplane Operations – Pilots must provide safety briefings for all passengers
Carbon Monoxide – Personnel should not linger or work near exhaust pipes from vehicles or equipment
UV light exposure - Personnel should dress so as to cover as much exposed skin as possible, use a sunscreen with a
protection factor (PF) of 15 or greater and wear tinted safety glasses.  Motor Vehicles - Drivers shall maintain a safe speed at all times and seat belts must be worn.
Security- Evaluate site security of the response location (preresponse). Address any concerns to your Health and Safety
Officer.
List of Chemicals and Quantities/Concentrations: (attach chemical information or MSDS for contaminant or spilled material in
Appendix A).
Note: MSDS for materials brought for the response (eg. calibration gases, rinsing solutions, etc) do not have to be attached to the HASP. However, copies of
the MSDS must be available on site at all times.

# HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION

# 1.1.1 Physical Hazards of Concern

Physical Hazard Condition	Physical Hazard	Attach	WESTON OP Titles  Section 7.0 - ECH&S Program Manual Occupational Noise & HC Program	
Loud noise	Hearing loss/disruption of communication			
inclement weather	Rain/humidity/cold/ice/snow/lightning	M	FLD02 + Inclement Weather	
iteam heat stress	Burns/displaced oxygen/wet working surfaces		FLD03 - Hot Process - Steam	
lent stress	Burns/hot surfaces/low pressure steam	N N	FLD04 - Hot Process - LT3	
Ambient heat stress	Heat rash/cramps/exhaustion/leat stroke		FLD05 + Heat Stress Prevention/Monitoring	
Cold stress	Hypothermia/frostbite		FLD06 - Cold Stress	
Cold/wet	Trench/paddy/immersion foot/edema		FLD02 - inclement Weather	
Confined spaces	Falls/burns/drowning/engulfment/electrocution		FLD08 - Confined Space Entry	
ndustrial Trucks	Fork Lift Truck Safety		FLD09 - Powered Industrial Trucks	
mproper lifting	Back strain/abdomen/arm/leg muscle/joint injury		FLD10 - Manual Lifting/Handling Heavy Objects	
Ineven surfaces	Vehicle accidents/slips/trips/falls	X	FLD11 - Rough Terrain	
oor housekeeping	Slips/trips/falls/punctures/cuts/fires	$\boxtimes$	FLD12 - Housekeeping	
Structural integrity	Crushing/overhead hazards/compromised floors		FLD(3 - Structural Integrity	
Tostile persons	Bodily injury		FLD14 - Site Security	
mproper cylinder, handling	Mechanical injury/fire/explosion/suffocation		FLD16 - Pressure Systems - Compressed Gases	
Water hazards	Poor visibility/entanglement/drowning/cold stress		FLD17 - Diving	
Water hazards	Drowning/heat/cold stress/hypothermia/falls		FLD18 - Operation and Use of Boats	
Water hazards	Drowning/frostbite/hypothermia/falls/electrocution		FLD19 - Working Over Water	
Vehicle hazards	Struck by vehicle/collision	×	FLD20 - Traffic	
Explosions	Explosion/fire/thermal burns	X	FLD21 - Explosives	
Moving mechanical parts	Crushing/pinch points/overhead hazards/electrocution		FLD22 - Earth Moving Equipment	
Moving mech, parts	Overhead hazards/electrocution		FLD23 - Cranes, Rigging, and Slings	
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution		FLD24 - Aerial Lifts/Man lifts	
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution		FLD25 - Working at Elevation	
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution/shps		FLD26 - Ladders	
Working at elevation	Slips/trips/falls/overhead hazards		FLD27 - Scaffolding	
French cave-in	Crushing/falling/overhead hazards/suffocation		FLD28 - Excavating/Trenching	
Physiochemical	Explosions/fires from oxidizing, flam/corr_material	X	FLD30 - Hazardous Materials Use/Storage	
Physiochemical	Fire and explosion		FLD31 - Fire Presention/Response Plan Required	
Physiochemical	Fire		FLD32 - Fire Extinguishers Required	
Structural integrity	Overhead/electrocution/slips/trips/falls/fire		FLD33 - Demolition	
Electrical	Electrocution/shock/thermal burns		FLD34 + Utilities	
Electrical	Electrocution/shock/thermal burns		FLD35 - Electrical Safety	
Burns/fires	Heat stress/fires/burns		FLD36 - Welding/Cutting/Brazing/Radiography	
mpact/thermal	Thermal burns/high pressure impaction/heat stress		FLD37 - Pressure Washers/Sand Blasting	
mpaction/electrical	Smashing body parts/pinching/cuts/electrocution		FLD38 - Hand and Power Tools	
Poor visibility	Slips/trips/falls	X	FLD39 - Illumination	
rire/explosion	Burns/impaction		FLD40 - Storage Tank Removal/Decommissioning	
Communications	Disruption of communications		FLD41 - Std. Hand/Emergency Signals	
inergy/release	Unexpected release of energy		FLD42 - Lockout/Tag-out	
Biological Hazards	Biological Hazards at site	×	FLD43 - Biological Hazards	
Biological Hazards/BBP	Biological Hazards/BBP at site/First Aid Providers	Ø	FLD44 - Biological Hazards - Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure C Plan - First Aid Providers	
infectious Waste	Infectious Waste at site/BBP/ at site/Infectious Waste		FLD45 – Biological Hazards – Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure ( Plan – Work With Infectious Waste	
Lead Contaminated sites	Lead poisoning		FLD46 - Control of Exposure to Lead	
Puncture/cuts	Cuts/ dismemberment/gouges		FLD47 - Clearing, Grubbing and Logging Operations	

Physical Hazard Condition	Physical Hazard	Attach OP	WESTON OP Titles	
Not applicable	Not applicable	X	FLD48 - Federal, State, Local Regulatory Agency Inspections	
Not applicable	Exposure to hazardous materials/waste		FLD49 - Safe Storage of Samples	
Cadmium	Exposure Control		FLD50 - Cadmium Exposure Control Plan	
Process Safety Procedure	Safety Procedure		FLD51 - Process Safety Procedure	
Asbestos	Asbestos Exposure		FLD52 - Asbestos Exposure Control Plan	
Hexavalent Chromium	Exposure Control Plan		FLD53 - Hexavalent Chromium Exposure Control Plan	
Benzene	Exposure Control Plan		FLD54 - Benzene Expenses Control Plan	
Hydrofluoric acid	Working with HF		FLD55 - Working with Hydrofluoric Acid	
Moving drill rig parts	Crushing/pinch points/overhead hazards/electrocution		FLD56 - Drilling Safety	
Vehicles/driving	Accidents, flatigue/cell phone use	$\boxtimes$	FLD 57 - Motor Vehicle Safety	
Improper material handling	Back injury/crushing from load shifts/equipment/tools		FLD 58 - Drum Handling Operations	
COC decontamination	COCs/slip,trip, and falls/waste generation/environmental compliance/PPE		FLD59 - Decontamination	
Drilling hazards	Electrocution/overhead hazards/pinch points		Environmental Remediation Drilling Safety Guideline - 2005	
Fatigue	Long work hours	$\boxtimes$	FLD60 - Employee Duty Schedule	
Benzene/Gasoline	Benzene exposure		FLD61 - Gasoline Contaminant Exposure	
Cardiac Arrest	Accident/Heart Attack		FLD62 - 2009 Automatic External Defibrillator (AED) Program Guidelines	
Ionizing Radiation	Ionizing Radiation		FLD63 - Using Handheld X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Analyzers	
Working Alone	Isolated Working Conditions		FLD64 - Employees Working Alone	

Some Field Operations have been removed from this list which has been developed for Emergency Response purposes. If these Field Ops apply, refer to the WESTON Safety Officer Field Manual.

Please include a copy of the local 5 day forecast at the end of your HASP

			IPMENT - 7.	
Tasks to Be Performed	Anticipated Level of Protection	Type of Chemical Protective Clothing	Inner Glove Outer Glove Boot Cover	Type of Respirator (SCBA or APR with Cartridge)
Perimeter Recon	Þ	Field	NA	NA
Site Entry	D	Field		_
Visual Documentation	D	EILL		
Sampling	D	Field	V	V
Decontamination				
Other				
	DECONTAN	INATION PROCED	URES	
Remove outer boots Remove outer gloves Remove chemical cove Remove respiratory pro Remove inner gloves  For Equipment: None Anticipated Dry Decontamination Wet Decontamination (select Wash with soap and was Rinse with distilled wate Rinse with isopropanol Rinse with methane	ct one or more of the followater	wing)		

			COMMUNICA	TION			
Buddy System Radio Air Horn for emergencies Pager Hand Signals Visual Contact Car Horn (3 quick blasts for evac.)  General Signals:  THUMBS UP - I'm OK/I Agree THUMBS DOWN - I Don't Agree HANDS ACROSS THROAT - Out of Air/Trouble Breathing GRAB HAND/ARM - Come with Me HANDS ON HEAD - I Need Assistance  See Site Coulet List							
		H	AZARD MONI	TORING			
Direct Reading Instruments	Multigas monitor (eg. MultiRAE, MultiWarn, Passport)	Toxic gas monitor (VRae or PAC III)	Radiation monitor (eg. Ludium 19, Ludium Model 3, RAM 4)	PID/FID (eg. Photovac, MicroFID, HNU, Foxboro OVA or TVA)	Miniram (dust)	Draeger Tubes	OTHER
Action Level	For LEL >25% open air – Leave >10% CSE - Leave For oxygen < 19.5%, >23% - Leave For toxics, see next column	See exposure limit for each chemical prior to starting work, leave when alarms activate.	3X background to 1 mR/HR – Caution; 1 mR/HR – Leave	For Unknowns: 1-5 units, upgrade to Level C 5-500 units, upgrade to Level B	Visible dust >2.5 mg/m³, sustained for 15 minutes, implement Engineering controls or upgrade to Level C	See exposure limits for each chemical	
		- Park Carlotte Street Control of the Control	requency for routine	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	A DECEMBER OF THE PROPERTY OF		
Tasks to be Performed	Ins	nitoring truments	Upon Entry (E Continuous (		Perimeter	Routine Period	(R) or ic (P)
Perimeter Reco	n MaltiDa	1 / 1 / 1 / 1	E/C		P	R	
Site Entry	41.00	INHS	-17		7	R	
Visual Documentation	al Maria Carlo		11		11	R	
Sampling		41	11		11	12	
Decontamination	n						
Other							
		S	AMPLING AC	TIVITIES			
WHAT: Air S HOW: Poly Scr Pump Low-Flor	oop Drum Thief, w Pump Other.	hods used to ob round Water	tain samples.	Sediment Bio it Spoon Auger	logical Wipe Bailer Dredg		ersion

VEHICLE USE ASSESSMENT AND SELECTION:
Driving is one of the most hazardous and frequent activities for Weston employees. The most appropriate type vehicle(s) authorized for use on this project is/are:  1.
The following Project Team Member's qualifications and experience in driving these types vehicles was evaluated and found to be acceptable (indicate vehicles types(s) number next to employee name).  1. Stan Check (12) 2. David Crow (12) 3. David Crow (12) 4. Bon Lathan (12) 5. David Cobb (12) 6. Tean Wolfer (12) 7. Mark Rolhoff(12) 8. Lee Ellmake (12) 9.
The project site was evaluated and a Traffic Control Plan is required. Is required, the Traffic Control Plan can be found in Appendix of this HASP.

EMERGENCY CONTACTS				
Agency	Contact	Phone Number		
Fire/Police/Ambulance	100-100-100-100-100-100-100-100-100-100	911		
WorkCare WESTON Medical Director WorkCare WESTON Program Administrator	Dr. Peter Greaney Heather Lind	800-455-6155	4:30 pm Pacific Time call dial 0 or extension 175, to request the on-call	
After-Business Hours Contact (In Case of Emergency Only)		4:31 p.m 5:: day Saturday, 1 800-455-6155 I hours answering service connec	59 a.m. Pacific Time, all Sunday and Holidays call Dial 3 to reach the afterg service. Request that the t you with the on-call on-call clinician will return 30 minutes.	
WESTON Health and Safety	Corporate Health and Safety Department	610-701-3065 or 6	10-506-5392 (cell)	
WESTON Southern Division Health and Safety	Jim Davis	Office - (251) 602	-1898 / Cell (334) 319-0380	
WESTON Local Health and Safety Samuel O. Cheek (Dalas/San Antonio) 469-374 J D Grosbeck (Austin) 512-651		469-374-7785/972 512-651-7155/ 512 469-374-7717/ 972	2-657-6866 (cell)	
WESTON Equipment and Dangerous Goods Shipping Advisor	Danny Newman	713-796-0040 - whse 713-301-7702 - CELL		
WESTON START Program Manager	Robert Beck	704-895-5222		
WESTON Readiness Coordinator	David Crow	469-374-7750 (office) 972-978-6802 (cell)		
National Response Center		1-800-424-8802		
Region 6 EPA Hotline	866-EPA-SPILL	1-866-372-7745		
OSHA Hotline		1-800-321-6742		
Chem-Tel		1-800-255-3924		
ATSDR		(404) 639-0615		
ATF (explosives information)		1-800-800-3855		
Chemtrec		1-800-424-9300		
START Health and Safety Pager	Paul Callahan	781-958-9297		
Local Medical Emergency Facility	Ke Whitney Medical Ce	ater		
Name of Hospital:	Chitney, Toxas	- Karamanan and Andrews		
Address:	DO N' San Jancino SI		Phone No.: 254-684	
Note: Call to verify hospital's availability and	The second secon		316	
Type of Service:  Physical trauma only Chemical exposure only Physical trauma and chemical exposure Available 24 hours  Route to Hosp		Travel time from site: approx minutes Distance to hospital: approx miles		
REVIEW AND COMMENTS				
Final Submission of HASE has		B.0	w	
Final Submission of HASP by:		Date:		
Project start date: End date: TS D	Plan expiration date:	Amendments:		

Disclaimer: This Health and Safety Plan (HASP) was prepared solely for specific work assigned to WESTON and its subcontractors under the START Region 6 Contract (EP-W-06-42). Use of this HASP by WESTON and its subcontractors is intended to fulfill OSHA requirements as found in 29CFR1910.120. Items not specifically covered within this HASP or its attachments are included by reference to 29CRR1910 and 29CFR1926. To the extent other parties wish to rely on this HASP, they should review its contents and satisfy themselves that it meets requirements for their work assignments.

## 11. TASK-BY-TASK ASSESSMENTS

Task-By-Task Assessment (COMPLETE ONE SHEET FOR EACH TASK)
TASK DESCRIPTION
Collect Soil Samples for Pesticide (insecticide/herbicide/fungicide) analysis at locations determined by EPA.
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED/USED
(Be specific, e.g., hand tools, heavy equipment, instruments, PPE)
Scoops, sample jars, baggies, tape, coolers.
POTENTIAL HAZARDS/RISKS
Chemical
Physical
Biological
RADIOLOGICAL
Hazard Present Risk Level: H M L What justifies risk level?
LEVELS OF PROTECTION/JUSTIFICATION
Level D PPE
SAFETY PROCEDURES REQUIRED AND/OR FIELD OPS UTILIZED
FLDs 02, 11, 12, 20, 43, 44, 48, 57, 60.

# ATTACHMENT A CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS

(Attach appropriate Material Safety Data Sheet or fill out Chemical Hazards Evaluation Form.)

	HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION — CHEMICAL HAZARDS							
Hazardous Substance	Physical Properties	Normal Physical State	State At Site/Proj. Temp.	Characteristics	Exposure Limits	Route(s) of Exposure/ Symptoms	Monitoring Instruments/ Ionization Potential	
Name: ALKNOWN	Explosive Flammable Corrosive Reactive Water Reactive Oxidizer	Solid Liquid Gas Color:	Solid Liquid Gas Color:	pH: FP: LEL: UEL: Auto. lg.: BP:	PEL Ingestion  TLV Skin Absort  IDLH Contact  Only toxicological data available  Other:	Inhalation Ingestion Skin Absorption Contact Direct Penetration Other:	PID  11.7 eV  10.2 eV  FID  CGI  Radiation  Colorimetric	
CAS No:	Radioactive Other	Incompatible	e With:	MP: Sp. Gr.:	Other:	tube Other:		
Synonyms				Vap. D.: Vap. P.: H <sub>2</sub> O Sol.:		Acute Symptoms:	IP:	
				Other		First Aid:	% Relative response:	

### Calculating Action Levels

For organic contaminants of concern, the following formula is used for each compound known or suspected to be present.

Ammonia	Units		
REL*	25		
PEL*	1		
uipment Reference/correction fact	9.7		
Safety Factor	2		
Action Level:	121.25		

Action Level for Ammonia for NH# sensors is 12.5 based on 25 ppm REL.

Inorganic contaminant action levels are not much more difficult to calculate; however an aerosol monitor like the Mini-Ram doesn't really have a response factor. It measures total aerosol (dust) concentrations, so you need to convert soil contaminant levels into the amount of contaminant present in the soil that becomes airborne in order to determine exposure levels. That conversion can be done using the following formulas:

No Contaminant of Concern:

Use the OSHA Nuisance Dust PEL of 5 mg/m3 divided by 2 for an Action Level of 2.5 mg/m3.

# ATTACHMENT B SITE SPECIFIC HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

### Location Specific Hazard Communications Program/Checklist

In order to ensure an understanding of and compliance with the Hazard Communication Standard, this checklist/document in conjunction with the WESTON Written Hazard Communications Program serves as a means of meeting site or location specific requirements. While responsibility for activities within this document reference the WESTON Safety Officer, it is the responsibility of all personnel to effect compliance.

X	Site or other location name/address: West Fertilizer, 1471 Jerry Maskell Drive West, 1885
X	Site/Project/Location Manager: Sam Check / Ben Lethan
×	Site/Location Safety Officer: San Wheeh
X	List of chemicals complied, format: HASP:Other:
×	Location of MSDS Files: HASP-if any-
X	Training Conducted by (name and date): Site Hazlana
X	Indicate format of training documentation: Field Log: X Other: X # H5 Trach
	Client briefing conducted regarding hazard communication:
NA	WESTON notified of other employer's or clients hazard communication program as necessary.

#### List of Hazardous Chemicals/ Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

A list of known hazardous chemicals used by WESTON personnel must be prepared and attached to this document or in a centrally identified location with the MSDS. The SO or location manager is responsible for ensuring the chemical listing remains up-to-date and that when a revised MSDS becomes available, the old one is replaced. A log for, and copies of, MSDS for all hazardous chemicals in use will be kept in the MSDS folder at a location known to all site workers and will be readily available to all employees during each work shift.

#### Container Labeling

The WESTON Safety Officer (SO) will verify that all containers received from the chemical manufacturer, importer or distributor for use on site will be clearly labeled. The SO is responsible for assuring labels are placed where required and for comparing MSDS's and other information with label information to ensure correctness.

#### **Employee Training and Information**

The SO is responsible for the WESTON site-specific personnel-training program. The SO will ensure that all program elements specified below are supplied to all affected employees. At the time of initial assignment for employees to the work site or whenever a new hazard is introduced into the work area employees will attend a health and safety meeting or briefing that includes the information indicated below.

- · Hazardous chemicals present at the worksite
- · Physical and health risks of the hazardous chemicals
- · The signs and symptoms of overexposure
- · Procedures to follow if employees are overexposed to hazardous chemicals
- · Location of the MSDS file and written hazard communication program
- How to determine the presence or release of hazardous chemicals in the employees work area
- · How to read labels and review MSDS's to obtain hazard information
- Steps WESTON has taken to reduce or prevent exposure to hazardous chemicals
- · How to reduce or prevent exposure to hazardous chemicals through use of controls procedures, work practices and personal protective equipment
- · Hazardous, non-routine tasks to be performed (if any)
- · Chemicals within unlabeled piping (if any)

#### Chemicals in Unlabeled Pipes

Work activities may be performed by employees in areas where chemicals are transferred through unlabeled pipes. Prior to starting work in these areas, the employee shall contact the SO at which time information as to; the chemical(s) in the pipes, potential hazards of the chemicals or the process involved, and safety precautions which should be taken will be determined and presented.

#### Multi-Employer Worksites

It is the responsibility of the SO to provide other employers with information about hazardous chemicals imported by WESTON to which their employees may be exposed, along with suggested safety precautions. It is also the responsibility of SO and the site manager to obtain information about hazardous chemicals used by other employers to which WESTON employees may be exposed. WESTON's chemical listing will be made available to other employers as requested. MSDS will be available for viewing as necessary.

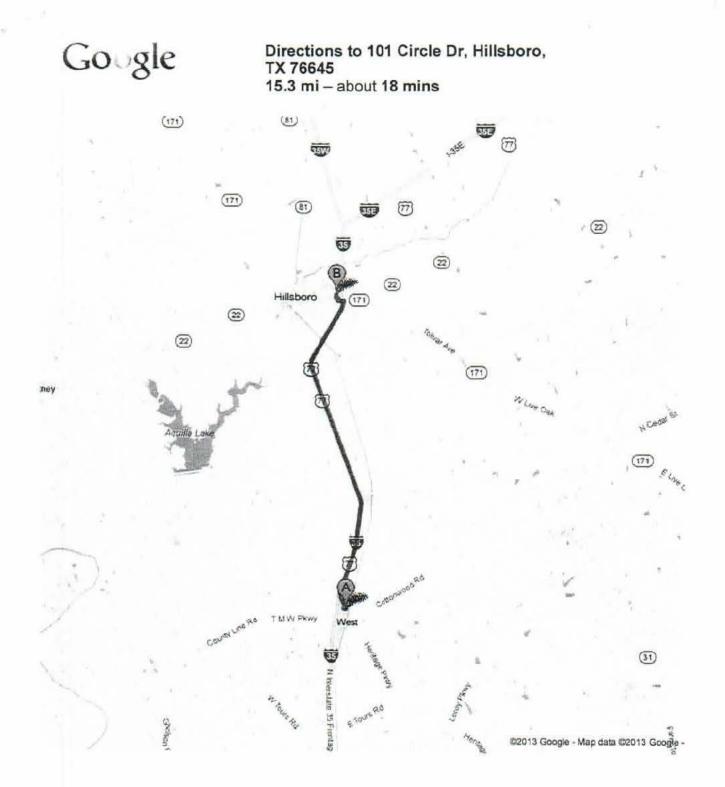
The location, format and/or procedures for accessing MSDS information must be relayed to affected employees.

# ATTACHMENT C EQUIPMENT CHECKLIST

# CHECKLIST

PPE	Instrumentation	Other
Mard Hat - fourhall his mands	Multigas monitor	☐ 35mm camera (print) and film
☑ Safety Glasses	☐ Toxic gas monitor- specify chemical	□ Digital camera and diskettes or downloading equipment
☐ Face Shield ☐ Ear Plugs ☐ Coverall (cotton) ☐ Coverall (Tyvek) ☐ Coverall (Saranex) ☐ Rain Suit ☐ Gloves latex ☐ Gloves nitrile (inner) ☐ Gloves nitrile (outer)	☐ FID ☐ PID ☐ Radiation meter ☑ Particulate meter ☐ Colorimetric tube ☐ pH paper ☐ SpilFyter strips ☐ Hazcat kit	☐ Intrinsically safe flashlight and batteries ☐ GPS and batteries ☐ Computer with cables ☐ Sampling supplies (S box) ☐ First Aid Kit ☐ Fire extinguisher ☐ Duct tape ☐ Garbage bags
☐ Gloves butyl rubber ☐ Gloves Silver Shields(outer) ☑ Safety Boots ☐ Over boots (latex booties) ☐ Rubber Boots ☐ Respirator (Full Face APR) ☑ Cartridge (GMC-P100) ☐ SCBA ☐ Level A Suit ☐ Other (specify)	☐ Hapsite ☐ Other (specify)	<ul> <li>☑ Log Book</li> <li>☐ Radios</li> <li>☐ Mobile phone, pager</li> <li>☐ Site maps</li> <li>☐ Compass</li> <li>☐ Site safety plan</li> <li>☐ Instructions for motor vehicle incident</li> <li>☑ MSDS for calibration gases, solutions, etc → needel</li> <li>☐ Other (specify)</li> </ul>

# ATTACHMENT D HOSPITAL MAP





# 406 W Shook St, West, TX 76691

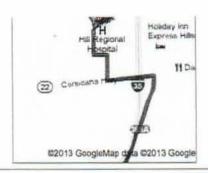


	The state of the s	00012
	1. Head west on W Shook St toward N Marable St	go 404 ft total 404 ft
7	2. Take the 1st right onto N Marable St	go 0.1 mi total 0.2 mi
4	Take the 2nd left onto Marable St     About 1 min	go 0.4 mi total 0.6 mi
7	4. Slight right onto S I H 35/S Interstate 35/N Interstate 35 Frontage Rd About 1 min	go 0.4 mi total 1.0 mi

			Authority Althority (2013 Google Map data ©2013 Google
5	5.	Take the Interstate 35 N ramp on the le	eft go 328 ft total 1.1 mi
35	6.	Merge onto I-35 N About 11 mins	go 13,3 mi total 14,3 mi
7	7.	Take exit 368A toward Hillsboro	go 0.1 mi total 14.5 mi
	8.	Merge onto S I H 35/S Interstate 35/N Rd	nterstate 35 Frontage go 0.2 mi total 14.7 mi
17)	9.	Turn left onto TX-171 N/TX-22 W About 2 mins	go 0.3 mi total 15.0 mi
4	10.	Turn right onto Coke Ave	go 0.1 mi total 15.1 mi
4	11.	Turn left onto E Elm St	go 413 ft total 15.2 mi

12. Take the 1st right onto Jane Ln

Destination will be on the right 101 Circle Dr, Hillsboro, TX 76645 go 0.1 mi total 15.3 mi



These directions are for planning purposes only. You may find that construction projects, traffic, weather, or other events may cause conditions to differ from the map results, and you should plan your route accordingly. You must obey all signs or notices regarding your route.

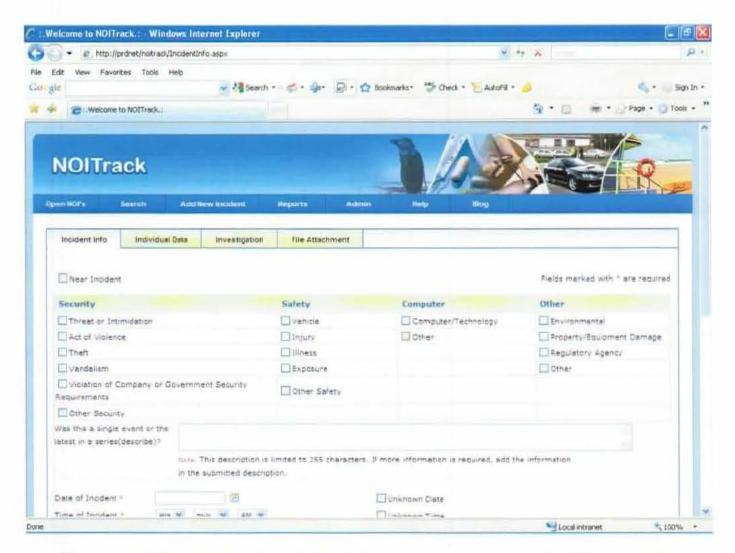
Map data @2013 Google

Directions weren't right? Please find your route on maps.google.com and click "Report a problem" at the bottom left.

### ATTACHMENT E

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR REPORTING NEAR INCIDENTS AND INCIDENTS

The NOI trac should be utilized to report ALL incidents. Incidents include: employee accidents, injuries, auto accidents, property damage/loss, information /data breaches, security concerns, subcontractor injuries/accidents/events, *OR other liability situations or circumstances that could give rise to a claim.* The NOI form is intended to be a preliminary summary (<u>due within 24 hours/one business day</u>) reporting what is immediately known of an event or situation. After a NOI report is released, and the appropriate resources within the organization are notified, an investigation should be initiated.



Please go to NOITrack using the following link to complete incident reporting. If you are in the field and do not have access to NOITrack, please contact someone in your office to do the reporting for you.

http://prdnet/noitrack/IncidentInfo.aspx

Questions can be directed to Susan Hipp-Ludwick at 610.701.3046 or Matt Dillon at 610.701.3667

# ATTACHMENT G

AHA CHECKLIST AND ERM TOOL SUMMARY

(FOR ER'S LONGER THAN 72 HOURS IN DURATION, RE EVALUATE ERM TOOL)



This tool must be used at the Proposal Stage in PLC, and must also be used prior to the time of individual project execution, including individual Task Orders/Work Assignments such as on an ID/IQ contract.

Click link below for instructions on using this form:

#### Please provide the following information: Important information for Opportunity Number OR Project ID field: It is critical that you enter only one of these values as follows to support linking from other systems: · Please enter the queber or \$3 only Do-rest mutable common in Constructio Numbers harrier "SSCROP", vol "SSCROP". Do not add any additional text. This should go in other heids. For START STATUSE TSIDE, please some the previous sects some number of the SSID. Division: PLC Approver: SOLUTI Opportunity Number OR Project ID: II Client Service Manager: EPA START Region & ER Projects General - Dallas Office Robert Beck Opportunity OR Project Name: Project Manager EPA START Region 6 ER Projects General - Dallas Office David Crow ERM Preparer: . Subject Matter Expert: Ben Latham Brief Description of Scope of Work: EHS Officer: Emergency Response to Oil and HAZMAT Incidents Various

Please answer the following 6 questions: I am confident that this project will not result in risks to the following:

#### 1. I am confident that this project will not result in risks to Air

-Consider the following in your grown

· Potential release of conteminants (VOCs, particulates, etc.) into air.

· Demolttion/removal/renovation of structure containing ACM (Asbestos Containing Material) . Demolition, removal or renovation of any structure

containing ozone depleting substances (e.g., air conditioners, Freon, CFCs).

 Remediation, demoittion, removal or renovation of any structure his potential for release of lead or dust. VOCs or CD which may migrate beyond site boundaries.

Need for air permits . Operating a source of air emissions.

Anner

@Yes ONo

#### 2. I am confident that this project will not result in risks to Water

-Consider the following in your answer

· Surface water or ground water impact.

Any impact to wetlands or floodplains

· Arry injection of products, treatment chemicals, or waste materials into the ground.

Potential for storm water discharges to surface water.

or storm sewer (including all construction activities).

· Removal of vegetation creating potential future: nunotts.

. Site clearing, dredging, filling on/near water or wetlands. @Yes ONo

 Demolition, removal or removation of any structure curtaining asbestos

 Potential for spill/release of hazardous substance or wasten.

. Storage of oil or petroleum products on site. Any impact to drinking water supplies.

#### 2. I am confident that this project will not result in risks to Wastes

-Consider the blowing in your arraws

Generating/managing/characterizing any wastes.

Responsible for preparing hazardous wastes for transportation and/or disposal (including characterization and/or manifesting).

Presence of lead or lead-containing materials Generating/managing any universal wastes (e.g., mercury containing items such as fluorescent tamps, computers, batteries, switches, thermostats; nonempty aerosof carrs).

· Presence of PCBs or PCB-contamination.

. Disruption or removal of as bestor-containing materials (ACM).

 Responsible for advising client of characterization of waste.

Actions

@Yes ONo

#### 4. I am confident that this project will not result in risks to Land

-Constier the following in jour answer

zones, historic structures, etc.)

· Habitat for endangered, threatened or special interest SCHOOL SHOP · Historically sensitive areas (e.g., wetlands, floodplains, critical habitat, prime farm land, coastal

. Naturally occurring radioactive material.

Answer

@Yes ONo

#### 5. I am confident that this project will not result in risks to Other Environmental Concerns

-Consider the following in your answer

· Storage or transportation/disposal of radioactive

material. Equipment costaining radioactive material.

Large quantity of hazardous chemicals such as sufficie. Peroxide, Potassium Permanganate.

. UXC, MEC or other materials. Significant fire and/or

explosion hazard.

Consider noise levels as well.

@Yes ONG

# 6. I am confident that this project will not result in risks to Stakeholder Client Concerns

-Consider the following in your answer

. Enforcement Action. Notices of Violation. Court Mandates

IRIS, Environmental Liability Transfer, Guaranteed Fixed Price Remediation.

Answer

Impacts to tenants or local residents from activities.
 Impacts to historic or Archeological sites.

@Yes ONo

7. I am confident that this project will not result in risks to Subcontractors

-Consider the following in your answer

. Risk Elements 1 through 6 above.

 Previous successful working relationship. SubTrack Status

· Approved Terms and Conditions.

Activity

@Yes ONo

8. I am confident that this project will not result in risks to the environment with respect to shipping samples, equipment, or other regulated materials to or from a project location

@Yes ONo

166 30.2

Date	ZARD CHECKLIST Site M	lanager	r/EHS Officer:				Task Team (name or reference	e via o	daily sign-in sheet)
Add									
HA	ZARDS IDENTIFIED (chec	ck th	ose applicable)						
	Chemical		Biologic	al	Physical		Aerial lifts		Remote Areas
	Flammable/combustible		Insects		Noise		Man. Material Handling		Materials handling
	Corrosive		Animals		Heat		Demolition		High Pressure Washers
	Oxidizer		Plants		Cold	T	Excavation	Ī	Hand and Power Tools
	Reactive	TH	Mold/Fungus		Inclement Weather	T	Pile Driving	Ī	Low Illumination
	Toxic	ΤĦ	Viral/Bacterial	In	Hot Work	TH	Welding/Cutting/Burn	Ħ	Drilling & Boring
	Inhalation	İΠ	Density Gauges	T	Confined Spaces	一	Hot Surfaces	Ħ	Striking against/Struck-by
	Eyes/Skin	th	Radiological	In	Stored hazardous Energy	十一	Hot Materials	H	Caught-in/Caught between
	Pesticides	TH	Ultra-Violet		Elevation	TH	Rough Terrain	Ħ	Pushing/pulling
	Carcinogen	十片	Sunlight		Utilities	TH	Compressed Gases	H	Falls at same level
	Asbestos	ΙĦ	Infrared		Machinery	H	Hazardous Mat. Storage	H	Falls from elevation
	Lead	Ħ	Lasers		Mobile equipment	十一	Diving	H	Repetitive motion
	UXOOE/CWM	十片	XRF		Cranes	11	Operation of Boats	H	High (>110v) Electricity
	Process Safety	H	Isotopes		Manual Material Handling	17	Working Over Water	H	Slippery surface Ice/Snow
	Applying Paint/Coatings	+=	isotopes		Ladders		Traffic	H	Suppery surface ree/snow
	Applying raint/Coatings	++			Scaffolding	18	Site Security	H	
	OURSE PROTECTION (	<u> </u>			Scarloiding		Site Security	ш	
KE	QUIRED PROTECTION (c)	neck						_	
	Engineering Controls		Administra Contro			PPE			Contingency
	Guard Rails		Qualified for task		Air Supplying Respirator		Tyvek coveralls		Emergency Signal Known
	Machine Guards		Trained/Certified		Air Purifying Respirator	10	Coated Coveralls		Eye wash/shower Location
	Sound Barriers Enclosure		Hot Work Permit CSE Permit		SCBA Hard Hat	18	Welding leathers CWM		First Aid Kit Location
-	Elevation	H	Lockout/Tag Out		Ear Plugs	+#	Safety Shoes/Boots		Fire Extinguisher Location Spill Kit Location
ă	Isolation	H	Work Permit	18	Ear Muffs	TH	Rubber Boots	Ħ	Severe weather shelter
	GFC1		Dig Safe Permit		Safety Glasses		Gloves		Evacuation Routes
	Assured Ground Program		Contingency Plan		Goggles		Cooling Suits		
	Apply anti-slip/skid Mat		Critical Lift Plans		Chemical Goggles		Ice Vests		
			Equip. Inspection Sh		Face Shield		Radiant heat Suits		
					Thermal Shield		Fall Arrest		
					Welding Mask		PFD		
					Cutting Glasses		Electrical insulation		
				2177					A100000
Any	Modification to Tasks (list)		- (	Amer tasks or activi	ties that may affect my activity		Reasons for any changes indic	ated a	hove

# Environmental Compliance Considerations:

Generation of Hazardous Waste*	→Waste Identification & Manifesting - Marking, Placarding, Labeling
Generation of Investigation Derived Waste*	→Training & Licensing for Use of Radioactive Materials/Sources
Treatment, Storage, or Disposal of Hazardous Waste*	→ Containers: dated, labeled, closed, full, stored less than 90 days
Contingency to prevent or contain hazardous materials or oil spills or discharges to drains, body of water, soil*	→ Risk of explosion or catastrophic release due to chemical storage or processing involving reactivity, flammables, solvents or explosives
Disturbing of Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM)*	→Training & Licensing for Asbestos Remediation Activities
Application of Pesticides or Herbicides*	
Work on Above or Under-ground Storage Tanks*	
Transportation, Storage or Disposal of Radioactive Material*	
Activities producing or generating Air Emissions (or fugitive "fence-line" emissions) requiring either monitoring and/or permit*	
Excavations, Drilling, Probing or other activities that could impact underground utilities, pipelines, sewer or treatment systems.	
Shipment of Hazardous Waste off-site* Shipment of Samples in accordance with DOT/IATA	

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates need for an environmental compliance plan.

# ATTACHMENT H

START-3 AWARENESS OF ALLERGIES, CORRECTIVE LENS AND POISON IVY FOR PERSONELL

Team Member	Allergies	Type	Corrective Eye Wear	Poison Ivy	Comments
Alex Byrum David McCarty Paola Vasquez Danette Parnell			(6)		
Melinda Luetke					
Ben Latham Sam Cheek					
Heth Parnell					
George Bumgarner					
Tori Gomez					
James Beavis					
Hilary Gafford					
Tobias Richards					
			7	秀 彭 昌	2 至 3

# Ammonia Inhalation Fact Sheet

# Federal government recommendations to protect human health via the inhalation exposure pathway for ammonia

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) permissible exposure limit (PEL) is 50 ppm. The National Institute of Occupational Health and Safety (NIOSH) was set an acceptable ten-hour exposure limit at 25 parts of ammonia per one million parts of air (ppm) and a short-term exposure level (STEL) (15 minutes) at 35 ppm.

## EPA's Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs):

#### Ammonia (ppm)

	10 min	30 min	60 min	4 hr	8 hr
AEGL I	30	30	30	30	30
AEGL 2	220	220	160	110	110
AEGL 3	2,700	1,600	1,100	550	390

AEGLs represent threshold exposure limits for the general public and are applicable to emergency exposure periods ranging from 10 minutes to 8 hours. AEGL-1 and AEGL-2, and AEGL-3 values are distinguished by varying degrees of severity of toxic effects. The recommended exposure levels are applicable to the general population including infants and children, and other individuals who may be susceptible.

The three AEGLs have been defined as follows:

#### AEGL-1

Above this airborne concentration, expressed as parts per million or milligrams per cubic meter (ppm or mg/m3) the general population, including susceptible individuals, could experience notable discomfort, irritation, or certain asymptomatic nonsensory effects. However, the effects are not disabling and may go away soon and reversible upon stopping exposure.

#### AEGL-2

Above this airborne concentration (expressed as ppm or mg/m3) the general population, including susceptible individuals, could experience irreversible or other serious, long-lasting adverse health effects or an impaired ability to escape.

#### AEGL-3

Above this airborne concentration (expressed as ppm or mg/m3) the general population, including susceptible individuals, could experience life-threatening health effects or death.

Airborne concentrations below the AEGL-1 represent exposure levels that can produce mild and progressively increasing but transient and nondisabling odor, taste, and sensory irritation or certain asymptomatic, nonsensory effects.

Although the AEGL values represent threshold levels for the general public, including susceptible subpopulations, such as infants, children, the elderly, persons with asthma, and those with other illnesses, individuals could experience the effects described at concentrations below the corresponding AEGL.

## INTEGRATED RISK INFORMATION SYSTEM (IRIS)

The EPA IRIS has a chronic Reference Concentration (RfC) for ammonia of approximately 0.1 ppm based upon total uncertainty factors of 30 (an uncertainty factor of 10 for sensitive individuals and a factor of 3 for database deficiencies including the lack of chronic data). The chronic RfC allows for continuous exposure up to a lifetime.

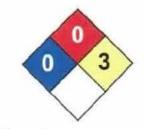
## MINIMUM RISK LEVELS (MRLs)

The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) has inhalation MRLs for ammonia of 1.7 ppm and 0.1 ppm for acute and chronic exposures, respectively.

# HEALTH AND SAFETY SIGN IN SHEET West Fertilizer EPA REGION 6 West, Texas

Name	Signature	Shift	Affiliation	Site Phone
Sam Cheek	Mon	Night	START	(h) (6)
Tom Walzer	The away	Night	START	(5) (6
Lee Ellmaker	Le El	Night	START	
David Crow	100/1	Day	START	
Mark Balhoff	Mark Bell	Day	START	
Ben Latham	Ben Lathan	Day	START	
Derrick Cobb	-101	Day	START	
Alex Byrum	M	Day √	START	
Carmen Assunto	<i>'</i>	Day	EPA-PA	
Mark Hayes		Day	EPA	
Althea Foster		Day	EPA	
Paige Delgado		Night	EPA	
Gary Moore		Night	EPA	
Assembly Point		EPA Mobile Command	Post	
Health and Safety topics:	Ammonia Exposure, Downed Po command post, Hydr	ower Lines, Sharps, Fatique, S ation, Level D PPE, Hospital F		







# Material Safety Data Sheet Ammonium nitrate MSDS

## Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Ammonium nitrate

Catalog Codes: SLA3082, SLA4585

CAS#: 6484-52-2

RTECS: BR9050000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ammonium nitrate

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Ammonium Saltpeter; Nitric acid, ammonium

salt

Chemical Name: Ammonium Nitrate

Chemical Formula: NH4NO3

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

# Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

#### Composition:

Name	CAS #	% by Weight
Ammonium nitrate	6484-52-2	100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Ammonium nitrate: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2217 mg/kg [Rat],

#### Section 3: Hazards Identification

### Potential Acute Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator). Prolonged exposure may result in skin burns and ulcerations. Over-exposure by inhalation may cause respiratory irritation.

#### Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to lungs, mucous membranes. The substance may be toxic to blood, gastrointestinal tract. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

#### Section 4: First Aid Measures

#### Eve Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

#### Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

#### Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air, If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

#### Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

#### Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

### Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: May be combustible at high temperature.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 300°C (572°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: Higher than 93.3°C (200°F).

Flammable Limits: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Not available.

#### Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of heat, of combustible materials, of organic materials. Non-flammable in presence of shocks.

#### Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. Slightly explosive in presence of heat, of combustible materials, of organic materials, of metals.

#### Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Oxidizing material. Do not use water jet. Use flooding quantities of water. Avoid contact with organic materials.

#### Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

Caution: Strong Oxidizer. Contact with material may cause a fire. Contact with combustible or organic materials may cause fire.

#### Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

It is an oxidizing agent and can self-ignite/detonate when in contact with powdered metals and some organic materials such as Urea and Acetic Acid.

#### Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Oxidizing material. Stop leak if without risk. Avoid contact with a combustible material (wood, paper, oil, clothing...). Keep substance damp using water spray. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Call for assistance on disposal.

# Section 7: Handling and Storage

#### Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from combustible material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### Storage:

Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. See NFPA 43A, Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizers.

## Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### **Engineering Controls:**

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

#### Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

#### Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits: Not available.

## Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (white granular solid. Deliquescent solid.)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 80.05 g/mole

Color: Not available.

pH (1% soln/water): 4.5 - 6.0 @ 25 deg. [Acidic.]

Boiling Point: Decomposition temperature: 210°C (410°F)

Melting Point: 169.6°C (337.3°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 1.725 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water, methanol, acetone.

Solubility:

Easily soluble in cold water, hot water. Soluble in acetone. Partially soluble in methanol. Insoluble in diethyl ether.

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Incompatible materials

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with reducing agents, combustible materials, organic materials, metals,

alkalis.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

#### Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Also incompatible with finely powdered metals (aluminum, copper, chromium, iron, zinc brass, nickel, lead, manganese, magnesium, antimony), acetic acid, ammonium chloride, phosphorus, sodium perchlorate, sulfur, bismuth, cadmium, chlorides, cobalt, potassium and ammonium sulfate, sodium, sodium hypochlorite, sodium-potassium alloy, organic materials and combustible materials (paper, oil, charcoal, etc.)

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

# Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2217 mg/kg [Rat].

#### Chronic Effects on Humans:

Causes damage to the following organs: lungs, mucous membranes. May cause damage to the following organs: blood, gastrointestinal tract.

#### Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

#### Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

Carcinogenic effects: At this time, no studies were found on the possible carcinogenicity of Ammonium Nitrate in humans or experimental animals. However nitrates can be reduced to nitrites in the body, and the formed nitrites can subsequently react with amines to form suspect carcinogens N-nitrosamines. Genetic Effects: No genetic data was found for ammonium, However, in general, nitrates and nitrites are genotoxic. Reproductive Effects: There has been some association between consumption of nitrate-contaminated well water and birth defects, especially neural tube defects. However, these studies would not specifically implicate Ammonium Nitrate.

#### Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: Causes skin irritation. It may be absorbed through intact skin. Eyes: Causes eye irritation. Inhalation: Causes respiratory tract (nose, throat), and mucous membrane irritation. Symptoms may include: coughing, severe lung congestion, difficulty breathing. Inhalation of large amounts may cause systemic acidosis, Methemoglobinemia with symptoms similar to acute ingestion. Ingestion: Gastroenteritis with abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. Exposure to large amounts may affect behavior/central nervous system, and blood and cause Methemoglobinemia, and systemic

acidosis. Symptoms of Methemoglobinemia include cyanosis (blue lips, eyelids, earlobes, and skin), headache, fatigue, weakness, convulsions, dizziness, loss of coordination, nausea, vomiting, dyspnea, and drowsiness. It may also affect the cardiovascular system and cause increased or decreased heart rate, and hypotension. Chronic Potential Health Effects: Ingestion: The toxicity of nitrates is due to in vivo conversion to nitrites. Chronic ingestion of more than 5 mg/kg/day is considered unacceptable. Primary overdose effects include orthostatic hypotension and Methemoglobinemia. Orthostatic hypotension, faintness, fatigue, weakness, depression, mental impairment, dizziness, shortness of breath, and reflex tachycardia are common; headache, nausea and vomiting may also occur. Chronic ingestion may also cause nephritis.

# Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

## Section 13: Disposal Considerations

#### Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

# Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 5.1: Oxidizing material.

Identification: : Ammonium Nitrate UNNA: 1942 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Marine Pollutant

# Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

#### Federal and State Regulations:

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: No products were found. California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: No products were found. Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Ammonium nitrate Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Ammonium nitrate Pennsylvania RTK: Ammonium nitrate Massachusetts RTK; Ammonium nitrate New Jersey: Ammonium nitrate New Jersey spill list: Ammonium nitrate TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ammonium nitrate

#### Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

#### Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada): CLASS C: Oxidizing material.

DSCL (EEC):

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 1

Reactivity: 1

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 0

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 3

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

#### Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

Created: 10/10/2005 08:35 PM

Last Updated: 06/09/2012 12:00 PM

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# Search the Pocket Guide

SEARCH

Enter search terms separated by spaces.

		Ammonia				
	Synonyms & Trade Names Anhydrous ammonia, Aqua ammonia, Aqueous ammonia [Note: Often an aqueous solution.]					
CAS No. 7664-41-7	No. BOO875000 (/niosh- rtecs/BOD59F8.html)	gmu/erg/guidepage.aspx?guide=125 (http://www.cdc.gov/Other/disclain 2672 154 (http://wwwapps.tc.gc.ca gmu/erg/guidepage.aspx?guide=154 (http://www.cdc.gov/Other/disclain 2073 125 (http://wwwapps.tc.gc.ca gmu/erg/guidepage.aspx?guide=125 (http://www.cdc.gov/Other/disclain 1005 125 (http://wwwapps.tc.gc.ca gmu/erg/guidepage.aspx?guide=125 (http://www.cdc.gov/Other/disclain 1005 125 (http://wwwapps.tc.gc.ca gmu/erg/guidepage.aspx?guide=125 (http://www.cdc.gov/Other/disclain	ner.html) (anhydrous) /saf-sec-sur/3/erg- h = ner.html) (10-35% solutio /saf-sec-sur/3/erg- 5) = ner.html) (>35-50% solutio /saf-sec-sur/3/erg- 5) = 1			
Formula NH <sub>3</sub>	Conversion 1 ppm = 0.70 mg/m3	IDLH 300 ppm See: 7664417 (/niosh/idlh/766441	7.html)			
mg/m3) ST 3	WA 25 ppm (18 35 ppm (27 mg/m3) engapdxg.html): TWA	Measurement Methods NIOSH 3800 (/niosh/docs/2003-154/pdf) 6015 (/niosh/docs/2003-154/pdfs/6016.) (/niosh/docs/2003-154/pdfs/6016.) OSHA ID188 (http://www.osha.gov/dts/sltc/met (http://www.cdc.gov/Other/disc See: NMAM (/niosh/docs/2003-15 (http://www.osha.gov/dts/sltc/met (http://www.cdc.gov/Other/disclain	dfs/6015.pdf), 6016 mpdf);  hods/inorganic/id188/id18 claimer.html) 54/) or OSHA Methods hods/index.html) *			

MW: 17.0	вр <sub>1</sub> - 28°F	FRZ: - 108°F	Sol: 34%	VF: 8.5 atm	™: 10.18 eV
	NA (Gas)	UEL: 28%	15%	RGasD: 0.60	

[Note: Although NH<sub>3</sub> does not meet the DOT definition of a Flammable Gas (for labeling purpit should be treated as one.]

Incompatibilities & Reactivities Strong oxidizers, acids, halogens, salts of silver & zinc [Note: Corrosi copper & galvanized surfaces.]

Exposure Routes inhalation, ingestion (solution), skin and/or eye contact (solution/liquid)

Symptoms irritation eyes, nose, throat; dyspnea (breathing difficulty), wheezing, chest pain; pulmonary edema; pink frothy sputum; skin burns, vesiculation; liquid: frostbite

Target Organs Eyes, skin, respiratory system

Personal Protection/Sanitation (See

protection codes (protect.html) )
Skin: Prevent skin contact

Eyes: Prevent eye contact

Wash skin: When contaminated

(solution)

Remove: When wet or contaminated (solution)

Change: No recommendation Provide: Eyewash (>10%),

Quick drench (>10%)

First Aid (See procedures (firstaid.html))

Eye: Irrigate immediately (solution/liquid)

Skin: Water flush immediately (solution/liquid)

Breathing: Respiratory support

Swallow: Medical attention immediately (solution)

Respirator Recommendations

#### NIOSH

Up to 250 ppm:

(APF = 10) Any chemical cartridge respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern\*

(APF = 10) Any supplied-air respirator\*

# Up to 300 ppm:

(APF = 25) Any supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode\*

(APF = 25) Any powered, air-purifying respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection agains compound of concern\*

 $(AP\tilde{F} = 50)$  Any chemical cartridge respirator with a full facepiece and cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern

(APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or b mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern

(APF = 50) Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece

(APF = 50) Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece

# Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions:

(APF = 10,000) Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operate pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode

(APF = 10,000) Any supplied-air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressi demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained posit pressure breathing apparatus Escape:

(APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or b mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus

Important additional information about respirator selection (pgintrod.html#mustread)

See also: INTRODUCTION (/niosh/npg/pgintrod.html) See ICSC CARD: 0414 (/niosh/ipcsneng/neng0414.html) See MEDICAL TESTS: 0013 (/niosh/docs/2005-110/nmed0013.)

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